

Glossary

The right-hand column lists the lesson in the study guide in which the word is first used.

		<i>Lesson</i>
abandon	— to withdraw protection, support, or help from	3
accountable	— responsible, answerable	5
acquits	— releases or frees from an obligation or accusation	8
alien	— foreign; outside; belonging to another person, place, or thing	3
apostasy	— the act of forsaking completely a previous loyalty, such as a religious faith	4
appease	— to bring to a state of peace; pacify; conciliate	1
appropriate	— to take for oneself; use as one's own	7
appropriation	— the act of taking possession of something for a specific use	7
arbitrary	— selected at random or without reason; selected without a plan, purpose, or pattern	5
assent	— agreement	3
atonement	— reconciliation of God and mankind through the sacrificial death of Jesus Christ	1
belittle	— to cause a person or thing to seem little or less	1
cancellation	— the act of destroying, of bringing to nothingness	7
carnal	— relating to or given to bodily pleasures and appetites; fleshly; relating to humanity's lower nature	10
chain reaction	— a series of events so related to each other that each one initiates the next	10
citizen	— an inhabitant; a resident; a person who owes his or her loyalty to a government and receives protection from it	3
climactic	— of or relating to a major turning point	10
compassion	— sympathetic awareness of another's distress with a desire to lessen or relieve it	1
compromise	— to make a shameful or disreputable concession	3
concept	— something conceived in the mind; idea; notion; a class of objects or events	1
condemnation	— blame; the act of pronouncing guilty	10
conditional	— dependent upon the terms of an agreement	3
conditioned	— brought or put into a specified state; produced by conditioning	3
confrontation	— the clashing of forces or ideas; a face-to-face meeting	4

consequences	— results; effects	2
consuming	— using up; wasting; doing away with completely	6
conversion	— the act of turning from sin to the Lord Jesus for forgiveness of sins, which includes a complete turnabout involving every part of a person's being	4
converted	— one who has experienced conversion is said to have converted; in this sense, one who has changed from unbelief to faith in the Lord Jesus for salvation has converted	3
conviction	— the act of convincing a person of error; a strong persuasion or belief	7
corruption	— decay; departure from what is pure or correct	6
credit	— the balance in a person's favor; something entrusted to another	7
crisis	— an emotionally significant event or radical change in a person's life	6
decisive	— marked by determination or firmness; implies the ability or intent to settle an undecided matter once and for all	4
depreciated	— spoke slightly of; belittled; disparaged	10
destined	— that which is decreed beforehand; predetermined; that which is set apart for a specific purpose or end	6
destiny	— something to which a person or thing is destined; predetermined course of events held by some to be an irresistible power or agency	5
deterministic	— view which holds that God determined in eternity past that some should be saved and have eternal life and some should be eternally lost	5
disembodied	— separated from the body	8
dominant	— most powerful or influential; controlling; governing	5
doomed	— condemned to eternal punishment: separated from God's presence and consigned to hell	5
down payment	— part of the full price paid at the time of purchase or delivery, with the balance to be paid later	8
dynamic	— active; marked by energy; forceful	3
earnest (noun)	— money given or something done at the time of a bargain as a pledge that the bargain will be carried out; thing that shows what is to come; pledge; token	8
elect (the)	— refers to those who are selected by God for special office, work, honor	5
election	— refers to the divine choice of nations or communities for the possession of special privileges with reference to the performance of special services; the divine choice of individuals to a particular office or work; the divine choice of individuals to be the children of God, and therefore heirs of eternal life	5
elements	— the basic parts of which anything is made up	3

endurance	— the ability to withstand hardship, adversity, or stress; power to put up with, bear, or stand	3
enlightened	— freed from ignorance and misinformation; based on a full comprehension of the problems involved	4
ethical	— having to do with standards of right and wrong; of ethics or morals	9
exalt	— make high in rank, honor, power, character, or quality; elevate	1
externally	— on the outside; coming from without	8
fatalism	— a doctrine that teaches that events are fixed in advance for all time in such a manner that human beings are powerless to change them; a belief in or attitude determined by this doctrine	5
fatalistic	— accepting things and events as inevitable; of or having to do with fatalism or fatalists	5
fate	— one's lot or fortune; final outcome; destiny	7
foreordain	— means to decide upon beforehand	5
foreordination	— refers to God's determination in eternity to carry out His purpose to save those who accept His Son and the offer of salvation; an ordaining beforehand	5
forfeit	— lose or have to give up by one's own act, neglect, or fault; loss or giving up of something as a penalty	8
forsake	— to renounce (as something once cherished) without intent to recover or resume	2
glorification	— God's act to complete our salvation, making us morally perfect for eternity, and bringing us into His presence in a body like Christ's glorious body (Philippians 3:21)	10
Graeco-Roman	— having characteristics that are partly Greek and partly Roman	8
grief	— great sadness caused by trouble or loss; heavy sorrow	2
grieve	— feel grief; be very sad	2
heir	— person who receives or has the right to receive someone's property or title after that one dies; person who inherits property	8
humiliation	— a lowering of pride, dignity, or self-respect; state or feeling of being humiliated	10
idolatry	— the worship of a physical object as a god; immoderate attachment or devotion to something	2
implantation	— instilling or fixing securely or deeply; to set permanently in the consciousness or habit patterns	6
imputation	— the act of imputing	7
impute	— to credit to a person or cause: attribute to lay responsibility or blame for, often falsely or unjustly	7

incarnate	— embodied in flesh; in Christian theology the union of divine nature and human nature in the person of Jesus; the Son of God taking upon himself human form	1
incriminating	— the kind of evidence that indicates involvement in a fault or crime	10
inheritance	— to get as one's own a possession, condition, or trait from past generations; something that is or may be inherited	8
intellect	— power of knowing, understanding; mind; the power of knowing as distinguished from the power to feel and to will	3
intellectual	— of or relating to the intellect or its use; developed or chiefly guided by the intellect rather than by emotion or experience	3
intercession	— the act of interceding; prayer, petition, or entreaty in favor of another	10
internally	— inside; inside the body	8
irresistible	— impossible to resist successfully; overwhelming; too great to be withstood	4
irresponsible	— said or done with no sense of responsibility; untrustworthy; unreliable	5
judicial	— of or by judges; having to do with the administration of justice	8
justification	— the act of God's free grace by which He pardons sin and declares that the repentant sinner is righteous on the basis of Christ's righteousness	7
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liable	— obligated according to law or equity; responsible; exposed or subject to usually adverse action	8
liberation	— the state of being liberated	8
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majestic	— having or exhibiting majesty; stately; sublime; glorious	9
merit	— something that deserves praise or reward; commendable quality	5
meritorious	— deserving of reward or honor; having merit; worthy; commendable	7
moral	— of or relating to principles of right and wrong in behavior	9
motivating	— providing with a motive or incentive; inducing one to act	5
motivation	— the act or process of furnishing with an incentive or inducement to action	6
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negative conversion	— refusal to follow any further one's religious faith or moral principles; abandonment of previous loyalty; desertion	4
objective standard	— refers to the use of the Bible to verify the reality of one's conversion experience; involves the use of scriptural facts rather than personal feelings or prejudices to judge spiritual experiences	4
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obstacle	— something that stands in the way or stops progress	3
offenders	— persons who do wrong or break the law; those who transgress the divine or moral law	7
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passive	— being acted on without itself acting; not acting in return; not resisting; yielding or submitting to the will of another	6

passively	— inactive; inert; submissive	3
paternal	— of or like a father, fatherly; received or inherited from one's father	8
patriarchal period	— the period of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob	8
penalty	— punishment imposed by law; disadvantaged attached to some act or condition; something forfeited by a person if an obligation is not fulfilled	1
persecutor	— one who annoys others with persistent or urgent approaches; one who harasses others in a manner designed to injure, grieve or afflict them: specifically because of their beliefs	4
perverted	— corrupted; those who have been turned away from what is true, desirable, good, or morally right	10
philosophy	— study of the truth or principles underlying all real knowledge; study of the most general causes and principles of the universe	4
pilgrimages	— journeys to sacred places as acts of religious devotion; long journeys	7
positional	— of, having to do with, or depending on the position a believer occupies in relation to God; in sanctification, referring to the change of position by which a corrupt sinner is changed into a holy worshiper.	9
potential	— capable of coming into being or action; possible as opposed to actual	3
predestined	— that which has been destined, decreed, determined, appointed or settled before hand; foreordained	5
predicament	— a difficult, perplexing, trying, or dangerous situation	1
profane	— not sacred; worldly; secular; not holy because unconsecrated, impure, or defiled	9
progressive	— of, relating to, or characterized by progression; moving forward or onward: advancing; developing	9
propitiation	— the act of reducing the anger of, winning the favor of, appeasing one who has been offended	1
quicken	— to make alive: revive; to cause to be enlivened intensely	6
ransom	— price paid or demanded before a captive is set free	1
rebellion	— opposition to one in authority or dominance; resistance against any power or restriction	1
reconciliation	— a reconciling; bringing together again in friendship; settlement or adjustment of differences	1
re-creation	— the act of creating anew; a thing created anew	6
redemption	— deliverance from certain evil by the payment of a price	1
renovation	— act of restoring to life, vigor, or activity: revive	8

repentance	— may be defined as the experience in which one recognizes that he or she has sinned, feels sorry about the sin, turns from it, and gives it up completely	2
resources	— supplies that will meet needs; stocks or reserves upon which to draw when necessary	3
restitution	— act of making good any loss, damage, or injury; reparation; amends; restoration of something to its rightful owner	2
restrain	— hold back; keep in check or keep within limits: repress, curb	9
righteousness	— condition of one who does right, behaves justly and acts virtuously; one whose actions are proper, just, and right	1
rites	— prescribed forms or manners governing the words or actions for ceremonies	7
ritual	— form or system of rites; a prescribed order of performing a ceremony or rite	7
sacraments	— formal religious acts that are sacred as signs or symbols of spiritual reality; something especially sacred; baptism and communion are two sacraments with which most Christians are familiar	6
sacrificial	— having to do with or used in sacrifice	1
sanctifies	— makes holy; makes legitimate or binding by a religious sanction; sets apart as sacred	5
secular	— not religious or sacred: worldly	9
sovereign	— above all others; supreme; greatest; very excellent or powerful	1
sovereignty	— supreme power or authority	2
subjection	— bringing under some power or influence; condition of being under some power or influence	9
symbolize	— to serve as a symbol of; to represent, express, or identify by a symbol	6
transcendent	— surpassing ordinary limits; excelling; superior; extraordinary	10
transformation	— condition brought about in a thing or a person because of a thoroughgoing or fundamental change in appearance, shape, or nature	4
unconditional	— not limited: absolute, unqualified	3
unmerited	— not merited; undeserved; unearned	1
unreconciled	— not reconciled; not restored to friendship; state in which differences between two or more parties have not been adjusted	7
unregenerate	— not born again spiritually; not turned to the love of God; wicked; bad	6
upright	— good; honest; righteous	9
uprightness	— state of being good, honest, and righteous	7
verdict	— the finding or decision of a judge or jury on a matter submitted for trial	7

verify	— prove to be true; check for accuracy; confirm	8
vitality	— strength or vigor of mind or body; energy	3
yoke	— something that holds people in slavery or submission; rule; dominion	2
zeal	— eager desire or effort; earnest enthusiasm; fervor	2